

INTIMATIONS

THE KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that an EXTRAORDINARY GENERAL MEETING of the KOWLOON LAND AND BUILDING COMPANY, LIMITED will be held at the Registered Office of the Company, Victoria Building, Hongkong, on WEDNESDAY, the 28th day of February, 1918, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, when the subject of the Resolution will be proposed as an Extraordinary Resolution—

- "That the Articles of Association be altered in manner following—
- That the word "two" be substituted for the word "three" in Article 2.
 - That the word "two" be substituted for the word "three" in Article 3.
 - That the word "one" be substituted for the word "two" in line one and two of Article 76 and that the word "other" shall be substituted for the word "others" and the word "his" for the word "their" in line two of Article 78 and the word "member" be substituted for the word "members" in line three of Article 78.
 - That the word "Director" be substituted for the word "Directors" in Article 77.
 - That the word "Director" be substituted for the word "Directors" in line four of Article 79.
 - That the word "signature" be substituted for the word "signatures" in line one two and four of Article 80 and that the word "one" be substituted for the word "two" and the word "Director" for the word "Directors" in line one of Article 81.
- Should the Resolution be passed by the required majority, it will be submitted for confirmation as a special resolution to a second Extraordinary Meeting which will be subsequently convened.

Dated the 9th day of February, 1918.
By Order of the Board,
A. SHELTON HOOPER,
Secretary to
THE HONGKONG LAND INVESTMENT & AGENCY CO., LTD.
General Agents for the Company.
[120]

THE HONGKONG & KOWLOON WHARF & GODOWN CO., LTD.

NOTICE TO SHAREHOLDERS.

THE THIRTY-FIRST ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Office of Messrs. JARVIS, MATTHEWS & COMPANY, LIMITED, on THURSDAY, the 21st day of February, 1918, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1917.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from MONDAY, 11th February to THURSDAY, 21st February, 1918, both days inclusive.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
W. S. BROWN,
Secretary.
Hongkong, Feb. 4, 1918. [103]

HONGKONG AND SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the ORDINARY YEARLY MEETING of the SHAREHOLDERS in this Corporation will be held at the City Hall, Hongkong, on SATURDAY, the 23rd day of February, 1918, at Noon, for the purpose of receiving the Report of the Directors and the Statement of Accounts for the year ending 31st December, 1917.

The REGISTER of SHARES of the Corporation will be CLOSED from MONDAY, the 11th February to SATURDAY, the 23rd February, 1918, (both days inclusive) during which period no transfer of Shares can be registered.

By Order of the Board of Directors,
N. J. STABB,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, Feb. 6, 1918. [106]

HONGKONG SAVINGS BANK.

NOTICE.

ON AND AFTER 16th February, 1918, the hours for the transaction of business by the Hongkong Savings Bank will be 10 A.M. to 12 Noon every week-day except Saturdays.

The Savings Bank will not be open for business on SATURDAYS on and after 16th February, 1918.

For the HONGKONG & SHANGHAI BANKING CORPORATION,
N. J. STABB,
Chief Manager.
Hongkong, Feb. 7, 1918. [113]

THE CHINA PROVIDENT LOAN & MORTGAGE CO., LTD.

THE TWENTY-FIRST ORDINARY ANNUAL MEETING of SHAREHOLDERS in the Company will be held at the Office of the Company, St. George's Buildings, No. 6, Connaught Road, on THURSDAY, the 28th day of February, 1918, at 11.30 A.M. for the purpose of receiving a Statement of Accounts and the Report of the General Managers for the year ending 31st December, 1917, and electing a Consulting Committee and Auditors.

The TRANSFER BOOKS of the Company will be CLOSED from WEDNESDAY, the 28th February, 1918, to THURSDAY, the 28th February, 1918, both days inclusive.

SHEWAN TOMES & CO.,
General Managers.
Hongkong, Feb. 14, 1918. [156]

INTIMATIONS

HONGKONG HOTEL CO., LTD.

NOTICE.

THE ORDINARY HALF-YEARLY MEETING OF SHAREHOLDERS will be held at the Company's Hotel on FRIDAY, the 1st March, 1918, at 12.15 p.m. for the purpose of receiving Statement of Accounts to 31st December, 1917, with the Report of the Directors and to discuss any matter that may be competently brought before the Meeting.

By Order of the Board,
J. H. TAGGART,
Secretary.
Hongkong, Feb. 15, 1918. [140]

NOTICE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that Mr. P. G. LEUNG alias LEUNG LIM CHO alias LEUNG NGOK is no longer in our employment since the 11th instant. Henceforth, all moneys in payment of debts due to us by any of our respectable customers should be handed to the Undersigned and NOT to the said P. G. LEUNG alias LEUNG LIM CHO alias LEUNG NGOK who has no authority to receive same. The receipts for payments should bear our proper Cash Receipt Chop, otherwise they shall not be treated as valid. This is specially notified so as to prevent any dispute in future.

Dated the 11th day of February, 1918.
WING SUN & CO.,
84 Queen's Road Central.
Hongkong, Feb. 14, 1918. [133]

SOCIETY OF ST. GEORGE, HONGKONG.

"St. George's Day" 23rd April, 1918

DRAWING OF WAR BONDS

IN AID OF WAR CHARITIES.

\$500,000
(HONGKONG CURRENCY)

or more or less according to subscriptions.

PROSPECTUS

Tickets \$5 each.
PRIZES to be paid in Bonds of the Hongkong Government 6½% War Loan of 1916 (which may be redeemed at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation at par) and, in order to ensure that the scheme is productive of "new" money for war purposes, an equivalent amount of the prizes will be repaid by the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation in new British War Loan Stock.

Of the net amount subscribed, 75 per cent. will be distributed in prizes, and the remaining 25 per cent. will be given to War Charities.

The amount to be distributed in prizes will be divided as follows:
First Prize, ... 50 per cent.
Second, ... 15 " "
Third, ... 10 " "
100 smaller prizes ranging in amount from \$5 to \$1000 to £1000 to £1000.

Winning Tickets must be presented at the Hongkong and Shanghai Banking Corporation, Hongkong, during business hours.

Should any winning ticket not be presented before noon, on the 23rd October, 1918, the ticket will be cancelled, and the value will be distributed amongst War Charities by the Committee of St. George's Society of Hongkong through the medium of the Hongkong War Charities Fund Committee.

The Drawing will be in public in Hongkong, and the date and hour at which it will take place will be notified in due course by advertisement.

The sale of tickets will close in Hongkong on Friday, the 15th April, 1918.

Any disputes arising will be decided by the Committee of St. George's Society of Hongkong whose decision shall be final.

The names of the members of the Committee are:
Hon. Mr. P. H. HOLYDAY (President),
N. J. STABB, Esq. (Vice-President),
His Honour Mr. H. J. J. GORMAN,
G. S. ARTHUR, Esq.,
H. V. BARN, Esq.,
O. MONTAGUE, Esq.,
W. J. ELDER, Esq.,
H. E. B. HANCOCK, Esq.,
L. N. LITTLE, Esq.,
Hon. Mr. H. E. POLLOCK, K.C.,
J. H. REES, Esq. (Hon. Treasurer),
JOHN DRYDEN, Esq. (Hon. Secretary).

H. O. SANDFORD, (Hon. Treasurer),
CHAS. BESWICK, (Hon. Secretary).

St. George's "War Bonds" Drawing.
Hongkong, Feb. 2, 1918. [90]

ALFRED HYNDMAN
43 Wyndham Street
Has for sale
CARBON PAPER at \$1.00 per dozen sheets
RIBBONS at \$1.50 each.

UNDERTAKES to clean and repair
Typewriters at \$12.00 per machine annum.

For particulars apply to the above address.
Hongkong, Nov. 7, 1917. [277]

"To make sales is not enough—
you must make friends."



"CAPSTAN"
NAVY CUT

TOBACCO &
CIGARETTES
HAVE BEEN MAKING
FRIENDS FOR YEARS

W.D & H.O. WILLS

"Constant growth signifies constant merit."

Capstan Navy Cut
and Mixture

Sold in Mild, Medium and
Full Strengths.

Capstan
Cigarettes:—

Sold in Medium Strength only.
Packed in packets of 10 and 20 and in
tins of 50 Cigarettes.

This advertisement is issued by British-American Tobacco Co., Ltd.

INHERITANCE OF
ACQUIRED CHARACTERS.AUSTRALIAN EXPERIMENTS ON
CATTLE.

This is a subject upon which there is much diversity of opinion, with a preponderance of evidence in favour of disbelievers. The stock argument of the latter (says "Bendish" in the "Australasian") is that the habit of removing the tails of sheep has not had the effect of introducing a short-tailed variety. So far as acquired intelligence is concerned, no better example could be quoted than sheep dogs. A pup of an established breed, which has for several generations been well trained to work among sheep, would require little, if any, breaking to make it a useful sheep dog. A noteworthy example of acquired character has recently been brought under the notice of the public by the chief inspector of stock in South Australia, who during the course of his duties at the metropolitan station came across a calf from six to eight weeks old which had been born with earmarks.

In dealing with the subject, this gentleman states that he has during his experience met with other examples of much the same kind, but none in which the marks were so conspicuous and so well defined as in this calf, whose ears were divided practically right down to the butt or lug. He states that he has on different occasions seen animals with pieces about the size of a penny notched out of each ear, and others minus the tips of the ears, as though they had been cut straight across. From the same quarter another curiosity is reported, in this instance also a calf, a fortnight old, the front hoofs of which were solid, although the hind were perfectly normal, that is to say, cloven. The hereditary results of dehorning were brought under his notice some years ago at Neosfield, in the Singleton district, New South Wales, by Mr. B. H. Dwyer. Some time previously, when interesting himself in dairying, Mr. Dwyer set about dehorning all females, irrespective of age or breed. He employed two methods, the caustic treatment upon the young, and the removal of the partially or fully developed horns of the aged by means of powerful guillotine snips. He carefully noted the effect upon the progeny of all cows, and found that it approximately worked out as follows:—The percentage of polled calves from dams which had been treated when young with caustic was nearly twice as high as that resulting from cows whose horns had been removed later in life by means of the snips. Practically speaking, it was as two to one. In the one instance it was nearly 50 per cent., and in the other, fully 25 per cent. This spoke towards proving how easy a matter it should be in course of time to get rid of horns altogether. The habit of cribbing among horses is believed by some people to become hereditary. Some years ago the "London Field" quoted an

example of this in 45 descendants of one horse. One colt was said to have exhibited the habit at three months old, another at seven months, and yet another at eight months. Five colts became crib-biters between the ages of 10 and 12 months. During the second year of their lives the greater number of the colts are said to have become victims to this habit, one only remaining free from it until after the third year. It would be interesting to know to what extent these colts were allowed to associate with one another, as it has long been an established fact that crib-biting is about the most catching of all habits. With regard to the calf above-mentioned with two solid front hoofs, presumably it went the way of all flesh sent into the market. It is a pity it was not rescued therefrom for experimental breeding. One used to hear much a while ago of a solid-hoofed race of pigs which had been successfully established in America.

AMERICA'S OUTPUT OF SHIPS.

A Washington message dated January 8 says that America's probable output of merchant ships in 1918 "was put at 3,000,000 tons by Mr. Homer L. Ferguson, President and General Manager of the Newport News Shipbuilding Company, testifying at the Senate Shipbuilding inquiry. Estimates frequently made of from five to eight million tons, he declared, were misleading, and should not be permitted to go unchallenged.

The greatest obstacle now in the way of rapid construction, Mr. Ferguson said, was poor housing facilities for shipyard workers. His story of housing conditions at Newport News so stirred the committee that a sub-committee comprising Chairman Fletcher and Senator Harding, was appointed to confer the next day with the proper Government officials with a view to obtaining immediate relief there and elsewhere.

LOSING WEIGHT
BY THE POUND

"Under Weight," a condition of ill-health, shows your assimilative powers are decreasing.

WATERBURY'S
METABOLIZED
COD LIVER OIL
COMPOUND

Supplies the blood with the wanted nourishing and healthy fresh building materials. Very palatable.
OF ALL CHEMISTS

Prices \$1.25 and \$2.25

INTIMATIONS

G. FALCONER & CO., LTD.

WATCHMAKERS & JEWELLERS.

Hotel Mansions.

Agents for ADMIRALTY CHARTS

ROSS'S BINOCULARS and TELESCOPES,
KELVIN'S NAUTICAL INSTRUMENTS,
BENSON'S ENGLISH WATCHES,
ENGLISH SILVERWARE, direct from Manufacturers,
High Class English Jewellery

KAIPING COAL

OR ALL HOUSEHOLD PURPOSES

FOUNDRY AND SMELTING COKE
FIREBRICK AND FIRECLAY

FOR ALL INFORMATION APPLY TO
DODWELL & CO., LTD., QUEEN'S
BUILDINGS, HONGKONG, OR

KAILAN MINING ADMINISTRATION,
TIENTSIN, NORTH CHINA.

HORLICK'S
MALTED MILK

Pure full-cream milk, enriched with choice malted barley & wheat, in powder form. Keeps indefinitely.

THE FOOD DRINK
FOR ALL AGES.

A refreshing and sustaining beverage instantly ready by the addition of hot or cold water only. No cooking. Nourishing and convenient.

Of all Chemists and Stores,
In 3 Sizes: 1/6, 2/6, and 11/- (in England).

HORLICK'S MALTED MILK CO., SLOUGH, BUCKS, ENG.

PRINTING OF EVERY
DESCRIPTION

executed at the Offices of
THE "CHINA MAIL" LTD.,
5, Wyndham Street.

COMMERCIAL FORMS
ENTERTAINMENT PROGRAMMES
SHIPPING FORMS
WINE LISTS
CIRCULARS
MENUS
PAMPHLETS
INVITATION CARDS

BOOKBINDING.

THE HONGKONG & WHAMPOA DOCK CO., LD.

TELEGRAPHIC ADDRESS: "MANIFESTO" HONGKONG.
Codes Used: A.I., A.B.O. Fifth Edition, Engineering First and Second Editions, Western Union, and Watkins.
Dock Owners, Ship Builders, Marine and Land Engineers, Boiler Makers,
Iron and Brass Founders, Forge Masters, Electricians,
AUTOMATIC CUTTING AND DRILLING, FOR SHIP AND BOILER REPAIR.
Modern up-to-date plant operated by our own specially trained workmen under expert European supervision.
All classes of light steel work manufactured by the above process.
Tanks, Drums, Ventilators, Pipes, &c., &c.

THE DIMENSIONS OF DOCKS AND SHIPS ARE AS FOLLOWS					
NAME OF DOCK OR SHIP	LENGTH ON KEEL (FEET)	BREADTH (FEET)	DEPTH OF WATER (FEET)	HEIGHT OF DOCK (FEET)	HEIGHT OF DOCK (FEET)
No. 1 Dock, Kowloon	70	12	12	7	12
No. 2 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 3 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 4 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 5 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 6 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 7 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 8 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 9 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 10 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 11 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 12 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 13 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 14 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 15 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 16 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 17 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 18 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 19 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12
No. 20 Dock, Kowloon	50	12	12	7	12

Address Enquiries to the Chief Manager

1. NAME _____
 2. DATE _____
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WATSON'S COMPOUND BALSAM OF ANISEED

Gives immediate relief in all
cases of
COUGH.

Price: 50 cents and \$1.00
per Bottle.

PREPARED ONLY BY
A. S. WATSON & CO., LTD.,
HONGKONG DISPENSARY.
Telephone 16.

Today's Advertisements

ST. STEPHEN'S COLLEGE.
SCHOOL WILL RESUME work on
MONDAY, February 25th, at
8.15 a.m.
Students who wish to enter should
call upon the Warden on SATURDAY
MORNING, February 23, at 9.30 a.m.
Hongkong, Feb. 19, 1918. 144

HONGKONG HOTEL.

RACE WEEK.

DINNER DANCES
will be held on the following nights,
open to Residents and Diners in the
Hotel—

MONDAY, 25th February,
WEDNESDAY, 27th February,
and
SATURDAY, 2nd March.
Table d'Hôte Menus will be served as
follows—

GRILL ROOM \$3.50 per head.
DINING ROOM \$2.50 per head.

The Ordinary Grill Room "à la
Carte" Menu will be withdrawn on each
of the above evenings.

The usual bi-weekly Tea Dances
WILL NOT BE HELD on the follow-
ing days—

FRIDAY, 22nd February,
and
TUESDAY, 26th February,
but will be RESUMED on—

FRIDAY, 1st March.
J. H. TAGGART,
Manager.

Hongkong, Feb. 19, 1918. 143

THE CALENDAR.

MEMO. FOR TO-DAY.

9 a.m.—Lecture by Col. John Ward,
M.P., at City Hall.

GENERAL MEMORANDA.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 20.—

11 a.m.—Extraordinary General Meet-
ing of the Kowloon Land & Building
Co., Ltd.

THURSDAY, Feb. 21.—

Noon—Hongkong & Kowloon Wharf
& Godown Co.'s meeting.

FRIDAY, Feb. 22.—

Hongkong Stock Exchange Settlement
Day.

SATURDAY, Feb. 23.—

12 noon—Hongkong & Shanghai Bank
meeting at City Hall.

9.15 p.m.—Dramatic entertainment at
Theatre Royal by Mr. A. P. Stokes
and members of the A.D.C.

SUNDAY, Feb. 24.—

Hongkong Jockey Club Races.

TUESDAY, Feb. 25.—

Second day of Races.

WEDNESDAY, Feb. 27.—

Third day of Races.

THURSDAY, Feb. 28.—

12.20 a.m.—Meeting of China Provi-
dent Loan & Mortgage Co.

FRIDAY, March 1.—

12.15 p.m.—Hongkong Hotel Co.'s
half-yearly meeting of shareholders.

THE CHINA MAIL.

NOTICE.

Communications relating to news should
be addressed to THE EDITOR.

Correspondents must forward their
names and addresses with any communica-
tion addressed to the Editor, not necessarily
for publication, but as evidence of good
faith.

All letters for publication should be
written on one side of the paper only.

Letters relating to business should be
addressed to THE MANAGER.

Use of subscription to "China Mail" is
\$30 per annum; per quarter and per month
pro rata.

The "China Mail" is delivered free to
subscribers in Hongkong and Kowloon.

Postage is charged at the rate of fifty
cents per month.

Orders for extra copies of the "China
Mail" should be sent as soon as possible to
the printer in limited. Cost 10 cts. Each
5 cts. per copy.

Rate of subscription to the "Overland
China Mail" is \$12 per annum; postage
\$1 per annum extra. Single copies twenty
cents each.

Advertisements and notices to advertise
should be sent to the Editor, not later than
11.30 a.m.

A line of advertisement to advertise
should be sent to the Editor, not later than
11.30 a.m.

New advertisements should be sent in
advance 4 p.m.

Telephone No. 22.

The Editor, Manager.

opinion it is essential that its mem-
bers should do more than pay the
annual subscription "for the good of
the cause." A lively interest in
the work of the Association, is
required and we venture to offer the
suggestion that this interest would
be stimulated by general meetings
called whenever subjects of general
interest arise on which the Committee
propose to take action.

NEWS OF THE DAY.

LOCAL AND GENERAL.

The a.s. *Chikuen Maru* which was
sent to search for the N. Y. K. a.s.
Hidachi Maru has returned to Japan, her
search being without result.

The fortnightly meeting of the
Union Church Guild will be held in
usual, at 9 p.m. tomorrow in the Lecture
Hall, Kennedy Road. Right Rev. the
Bishop of Victoria will lecture, his sub-
ject being "Experiences of Missionary
Travel." The public are invited to this
lecture.

A telegram to Japan states that
the United States Government pro-
poses to raise railway freight as a
war measure. The freight rate of
imports from the Orient will be raised
25 per cent and of exports to the Orient
30 to 40 per cent, to be effective from
the 15th March.

To-night's meeting in the City
Hall to be addressed by Lt.-Col. John
Ward, M.P., under the auspices of the
Church of England Men's Society on
"The Labour Movement, Past and Pre-
sent" promises to be of great interest.
Col. Ward has kindly promised to
answer questions which may be put to
him at the close of his address. The
meeting commences at 9 p.m.

Among the names mentioned in
the recent despatches of Field-
Marshal Sir Douglas Haig, for dis-
tinguished and gallant conduct and
devotion to duty are those of three
Shanghai residents—Captain A. F.
Gimson, M.C. (late of the Public
Works Department, S.M.C.), Captain
C. A. McLellan (formerly Officer
Commanding the Light Horse) and
Captain S. R. Sebastian, M.C.
(Messrs. Platt, Macleod & Wilson).

H.B.M.'s Consul-General at
Tientsin has stated, for the informa-
tion of those residents of Tientsin
who signed the petition for amal-
gamation to His Majesty's Minister
in October last, that he has received
instructions from the British Minis-
ter to devise and draft, preferably in
conference with the Councils of the
several Municipal areas, a scheme
for the Amalgamation of the British
Municipal areas at Tientsin into a
single Municipality, along the lines
of the petition. H.B.M.'s Consul-
General is now in communication
with the two Councils with a view
to carrying out these instructions.

The scheme, in its final form, will
be submitted to H.B.M.'s Minister
at Peking for consideration and
approval.

THE DEATH OF THE BISHOP OF MACAO.

Bishop Pozzoni, Vicar-Apostolic of
Hongkong, to-day issued the follow-
ing Express—

"The sad news of the death of
the Right Reverend Jose Paulino
d'Azevedo e Castro, the learned
Bishop of Macao, falls as a very
heavy blow on the hearts of us all.

"If we consider his virtues,
especially his patience and resigna-
tion in the endurance of the pains
caused by his chronic ailments, we
may presume that he is already
among the Blessed. The Church,
however, wishes us to pray for his
soul in case it has not yet been ad-
mitted to the Beatific Vision owing
to the shortcomings into which even
a just man shall fall. For this
purpose a solemn Pontifical Requiem
Mass will be sung in our Cathedral
at 7.30 a.m. on Monday next, the
25th instant, that being the seventh
(free) day after his death.

"We earnestly invite all the faith-
ful of the Colony, especially the
members of the Portuguese Com-
munity, to attend this service, not
only in order to succour the soul of
the deceased, but also as a public
manifestation of respect towards
him."

COMPANY MEETING.

HONGKONG, CANTON AND MACAO STEAMBOAT CO., LTD.

The ninety-eighth ordinary meeting
of the above Company was held at the
Office of the Company today at noon.

Mr. R. SHAWAN presided, and there
were present the Hon. Mr. P. H.
Holvoyak, Mr. H. W. Looker, Mr. S. H.
Dodwell, Sir Robert Ho Tung and Mr.
D. Landale (Directors), Mr. J. Arnold
(Acting-Secretary) and Messrs T. F.
Hough, M. S. Northcott, F. Maitland,
C. M. Eda, A. E. Crapnell, C. B. Buyers,
J. M. V. Figueiredo, A. J. D. Eca, W.
A. Valentine, J. M. S. do Rosario,
J. W. Taylor, A. E. Griffin, E. Tester,
Chan Sui Ki and J. M. Alves.

The CHAIRMAN said—Gentlemen,
The Report and Accounts having been
in your possession for some days, you
will doubtless allow me to follow the
usual custom of taking them as read.
Your Directors regret the report placed
before you is such a poor one. The
unfavourable result of the year's work-
can be accounted for by the abnormal
conditions under which our trade has
been carried on and by heavily increased
expenditure in insurance rates, coal
supply, docking and repairs charges.
The gross earnings of our steamers,
although not equal to those of 1916,
have been maintained at the average of
the previous five years. The causes of
the heavy falling off in our profits were
fully explained to you at the two
previous Shareholders' meetings; it
is needless therefore to enlarge on
the subject now. Suffice it to say
that while competition over-burdened
the river trade with tonnage far in
excess of its requirements, low rates
must of necessity prevail and profitable
working cannot be looked for. Endeav-
ours are now being made with the
owners of native-owned steamers and
the Railway Administration to increase
passenger fares to meet the enormous
increases in running expenses. The
proposed arrangement has been approved
by all parties, except the Chinese
Section of the Canton-Kowloon Railway,
but your Directors trust the negotia-
tions now in progress will be satis-
factorily concluded. The superstructure
of the "Sui An," destroyed by fire in
1916 was reconstructed and completed
in June last. In April, the "Houan"
damaged by a sudden tank seriously
collided with a paddle, which necessitated
her withdrawal from the Canton Line for
over two months. The cost of repairs
formed a claim on the Underwriters.

Owing to the decline both in the
freight and passenger trade between
Hongkong and Macao, your Directors
decided to lay up the a.s. "Taishan" in
October, and to replace her by the a.s.
"Sui An," a boat more economical and
suitable to present conditions. Your
Directors have had a good opportunity
to dispose profitably of the a.s. "Taishan"
and negotiations to this end are now
being carried on. For many years
past the Company has had to contend
on the Canton-Macao Line with in-
creasing tonnage, said to be subsidized
by certain interests at Macao, and your
Directors finally decided it would be
better to withdraw from this line
temporarily until conditions and
trade improved. The working of the
West River Services continuing to give
very poor and unsatisfactory results,
owing to the unsettled state of this
part of the country, your Directors and
the Joint Owners of the "Saiman"
accepted an offer from a Chinese
Syndicate to dispose of the vessels and
their property at Wuchow. The book
profit derived from this sale amounting
to \$51,135.91 has been placed to the
credit of Profit and Loss Account.

During the year the Company's
vessels have been docked for general
overhaul, repairs and Government
survey. Turning to the Balance Sheet,
you will notice that Depreciation and
Insurance Fund has been subdivided
into two separate accounts—"Insurance
and Trade Reserve" and "Depreciation
Fund." The amount standing to
credit of the former account is sufficient
to cover the proportion of marine insur-
ance carried by the Company on its fleet.
To meet the depreciation in market
values of the Company's investments in
Public Companies, your Directors
have transferred from Depreciation
Fund to Investment Fluctuation Ac-
count the sum of \$50,000. You will
doubtless approve the action of your
Directors in following the example of
other local companies in making a
contribution of \$5,000 on behalf of the
Company to the fund in aid of War
Charities. I will not detain you with
further remarks, but after proposing
the adoption of the report and accounts
as presented, I shall be pleased to an-
swer any question in connection therewith
which shareholders may wish to
ask. I now move—"That the
Directors' report and statement of
account for the year ended 31st De-
cember, 1917, be, and the same are
hereby adopted."

Mr. T. P. HOGAN seconded, and the
motion was carried.

Mr. M. S. NORTHCOTT proposed, and
Mr. F. FIGUEIREDO seconded the
resolution of the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holvoyak
and Mr. R. Shawan, to the Board of
Directors, and the motion was carried.

Mr. F. MAITLAND proposed, the
confirmation of the election of the Hon. Mr. D.
Landale and the motion was carried.

Mr. ROZARIO proposed, and Mr. A.
CHAPPELL seconded the resolution of
Mr. A. R. Lowe and Mr. G. Bernard
Brown as auditors for the ensuing year,
and the motion was carried.

The CHAIRMAN said—Gentlemen,
I am glad to say that the meeting was
a success, and that the accounts and
report have been adopted.

The CHAIRMAN then read the follow-
ing resolution—

"Resolved, That the Hon. Mr. P. H. Holvoyak
be, and he is hereby, declared to be the
Chairman of the Company for the year
1918."

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1918."

The CHAIRMAN—The business of the
meeting is finished now, but we will
hear what you have to say.

CARLTON MORGAN said he wanted to
ask—

(1) In view of the reduction in the
dividend will the Board explain why
Mr. Clarke has been granted, before
his full pay, twelve months' leave
on full pay? Will the Board explain
how it is that he has been granted so many months
of leave with full pay?

(2) Can the Board explain why the
"Taishan" was built, or rather taken
over, when she did not come up to
specification and how much money
has been lost in running this vessel?

(3) Do the Directors know that the
ship stewards of the vessels have
been paying \$70 per month each for the privilege of
selling food and liquors on board,
and will they explain where the
money has gone to?

(4) Is it a fact that when the a.s.
"Sui An" and the a.s. "Sui Tai" were
purchased on the advice of Mr.
Clarke, the then German Directors
of the Company obtained from the
vendors a returned commission of
\$150,000 on the deal and divided the
amount among themselves?

(5) Is it a fact, that since the
previous shareholders' meeting, the
Board obtained the services of a
superintendent, a Mr. Connor,
and that the arrangement was
found unsuitable and that the
experiment cost the company a
sum of \$3,000.

(6) Has Mr. Clarke retired from
the services of the Company, and
how long does the Company
propose to pay him £150 a month
for doing nothing?

(7) Will the Board say if it is
asking Mr. Clarke to return some
of the money, illegally paid, during
the past ten months, money paid
without the sanction of the
shareholders?

The CHAIRMAN stated in reply to the
first question that Mr. Clarke was a
very old servant of the company and he
was certain everybody would agree
with him when he said that he deserved
everything they could give him. He
was in very bad health at the present
time and it would not be right that he
should be worried over financial matters
after such long and faithful service.
In reply to the second question, the
CHAIRMAN said he could not tell why
the "Taishan" was built. She was built
long ago for a special purpose and had
fulfilled that purpose. He knew she
had lost money and the Directors were
doing their best to recover the lost money.
Negotiations were in hand for her sale
and failing her sale, she would be laid
up and another vessel would be purchased
to take her place. In reply to the third
question, the CHAIRMAN said he did not
understand the question; he knew nothing
about the actions of the German
Directors, or what they did. With
regard to the last question the CHAIRMAN
said that he could say no more than he
had already said, except that the
Directors had the right to reward old
and faithful servants of the Company
as they pleased. Whether he would
continue to draw \$150 per month he
did not know, and he could not say.

Captain MORGAN—I should like to
say—

The CHAIRMAN—You cannot address
the meeting now Captain Morgan; the
business has terminated.

HONGKONG REFORM SOCIETY.

FIRST ANNUAL MEETING.

The first annual meeting of the
Hongkong Constitutional Reform As-
sociation was held at the City Hall
last night.

The Hon. Mr. P. H. Holvoyak pre-
sided over the meeting which was not
very large. The Hon. Mr. H. E.
Pollock, K.C. and Mr. J. Bentley, Hon.
Secretary, were also on the platform.

After the notice convening the meet-
ing had been read the Chairman
proposed the adoption of the accounts
which showed a balance in hand of
\$144.21, the subscriptions totalling
\$253.

The Hon. Mr. HOLVOYAK said that
there had been no occasion
to call a meeting during the past year
and apparently no work had been done.
The work which was going on at the
present time would not come under
the public eye till later when it would
surely bear fruit. "The only occasion on
which it had seemed likely that a public
meeting would be called was in con-
nection with Service pay, but representa-
tions from the Governor and the General
made it undesirable that a public
meeting should be held. To a certain
extent the grievance had been redressed,
and if the Association did not take a
public part on that occasion it did not
lack sympathy with the men or their
cause."

During the course of the year the
following letter was addressed by the
Association to the Secretary of State
for the Colonies—

"The Hon. Mr. Secretary of State
for the Colonies, London, 10th October,
1917.
Sir—On behalf of the recently
formed Constitutional Reform As-
sociation of Hongkong (of which I enclose
a copy of the Rules and Regulations), I
have the honor to draw your attention to
the fact that the Government of Hong-
kong, which is now being re-organized,
is in a position to take a public part
on that occasion it did not lack sym-
pathy with the men or their cause."

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TELEGRAMS.

(Continued from Page 1.)

THE UKRAINIAN PEACE.
ITS PROBABLE RESULTS.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

As the details of the Ukrainian peace are studied, its importance is realised as setting in motion new forces which are likely profoundly to affect the future of Europe.

"The central fact is that what the Germans call 'a victorious peace' has only been brought about by bribing Ukraine with territory at the expense of Russia, but chiefly Poland. It was apparently the object of the Central Powers to sow discord in the three Slav States of Poland, Russia and Ukraine, but the immediate result, not contemplated by the Central Powers, has been to throw Poland into an uproar entailing the resignation of the complacent Polish Cabinet and to unite the Austro-Hungarian Poles, Slavs and Czechs in a protest which forced the Austrian Premier to resign. Though the latter's resignation has not been accepted, the crisis persists and the anti-German movement in Austria has received an impetus which may eventually result in Slavonic predominance in the dual monarchy.

The more liberal of the German newspapers continue to manifest uneasiness over the Ukrainian developments and the *Local Anzeiger* reveals that besides the Chelm question, the Poles have been embittered by the discovery that the Lodz and Bromberg districts are to be separated from Poland and the latter is to be given access to the sea. The journal adds: "There have been great patriotic demonstrations in Lemberg and Cracow."

The *Frankfurter Zeitung's* Berlin Correspondent says the attitude of the Polish regiments towards the Russian army is seriously disquieting German political circles, and they have offered to constitute a Polish National Army.

THE CENTRAL POWERS AND THE BOLSHEVIKS.

PREPARING FOR A MILITARY MOVE.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 16.

Apparently the German public is being prepared for an Austro-German move against the Bolsheviki.

"The *Norddeutsche Zeitung* vehemently denounces the proceedings of the Bolsheviki in Finland, Estonia and Livonia, and says that the Finnish plenipotentiaries in Berlin have requested intervention. The paper further points out that the Russian Government is forming a Red Army.

The *Berlin Tageblatt* publishes a telegram from Vienna indicating that it may be necessary for the Central Powers to help Ukraine to safeguard the exchange of commodities.

ENEMY REPRESENTATIVES LEAVE PETROGRAD.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

A Berlin official announcement states that all the members of the Quadruplice Commission have left Petrograd, which confirms the impression that Germany is preparing for military action against the Bolsheviki.

THE GERMAN CHANCELLOR.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 17.

Count Hertling has arrived in Berlin from the Army Headquarters.

CAPITAL AND LABOUR IN AMERICA.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 17.

Capital and Labour, at the request of the Government, have each appointed five representatives to outline the basis of their relationship during the war.

CANADIAN FOUNDLING ASYLUM DESTROYED BY FIRE.

MONTREAL, Feb. 17.

The Foundling Hospital of the Grey Nuns has been burned and infants perished.

(This telegram has apparently suffered some mutilation in transmission.)

A FORTY YEARS' TEST.

CHAMBERLAIN'S Cough Remedy has been curing coughs and colds for the past forty years and has attained popularity every year. What better recommendation is required? For sale by all Chemists and Grocers.

NORWEGIAN EXPORTS FOR THE ALLIES.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 15.

It is officially announced that Norway has agreed to send to the United States and to the Allies the bulk of her exports in exchange for necessary supplies, and also not to export to the Central Powers American products or Norwegian products replaced by the former and to prevent such goods reaching the Central Powers through neutrals. Norway has also agreed not to export more than 480,000 tons of fish to the Central Powers annually, to prohibit the export of certain metals, including nickel, tin, and wolfram, to the Central Powers, to export as much of these metals as possible to the Allies and not to allow Norwegian products made with machinery and oil imported by the Allies to be exported to the Central Powers.

THE "STANDARDISATION OF GOVERNMENT TEA."

LONDON, Feb. 14.

In the House of Commons, Mr. Clynnes, Parliamentary Under-Secretary to the Ministry of Food, announced the early standardisation of all Government tea at the flat rate of 2/6d. per pound, although time would be allowed in order that holders may clear their existing stocks. The Government would make no profit, but a substantial reduction in the average retail price of the last eight months was what some experts of the tea trade were incapable of attending to. The Department had been assured that it was a quite reasonable thing to standardise tea so as to give confidence to all purchasers, while bringing down the average price.

THE SILVER MARKET.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

The Silver Market is very quiet.

LONDON, Feb. 17.

Messrs. Samuel, Montagu and Company's Silver Report states the tone of the Market is easy. The price has fallen both in London and in New York.

RATE FOR BRITISH TREASURY BILLS REDUCED.

LONDON, Feb. 14.

The British Treasury three months and six months Bills rate has been reduced from four to three-and-a-half per cent.

AUSTRALIAN AND POST-WAR TRADE.

MR. HUGHES OUTLINES A SCHEME OF ORGANISATION.

MELBOURNE, Feb. 16.

Mr. Hughes received a warm reception when addressing a meeting of employers. He emphasised the necessity for the organisation of industry and referred at length to Germany's vast preparations for post-war trade.

Mr. Hughes outlined the following organisation scheme:—

1. The formation of an association representing each industry, primary and secondary.
2. A general council of commerce and industry composed of representatives from the various associations.
3. A Department of Commerce and Industry and a Minister of Commerce and Industry.
4. A permanent Science and Industry Bureau.
5. The appointment of trade representatives for the principal overseas markets.

Concluding, Mr. Hughes said that the British Empire's wealth was uncountable and its resources illimitable. Organised, it could control the world. Unorganised, it must fall the victim to a more efficient nation. A deep and lasting obligation rested on all the Dominions to play well their part in the great plan of national organisation, without which they were undone.

BERLIN STRIKE LEADERS SENTENCED.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

The courts-martial in Berlin have imprisoned the ring-leaders of the recent strike, the maximum sentence given being 42 months' penal servitude.

DON'T RISK PNEUMONIA.

(Yet rid of every cold as quickly as possible. It is the forerunner of all pulmonary trouble, and pneumonia may develop in a few hours. Take Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is a simple thing to do, but the effect is marvellous. For sale by all Chemists and Grocers.)

EARLIER TELEGRAMS.

THE WESTERN FRONT.

GENERAL ACTIVITY.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

A patrol this morning surprised and dispersed a German working party eastward of Loos.

There was hostile artillery activity between Gommecourt and the Scarpe River, also in the Lens sector and north-eastward of Ypres.

Despite the unfavourable conditions yesterday, our aeroplanes machine-gunned a convoy and troops from a low altitude. One of our machines is missing.

A RAID REPULSED.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Field-Marshal Sir Douglas Haig reports:—

There was considerable activity of the enemy's artillery in the Quent sector. We secured prisoners in patrol encounters in the neighbourhood of Lens. A raid on a Belgian post eastward of Merckem was repulsed.

ARTILLERY ACTIVITY ON FRENCH FRONT.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

A French communiqué reports:—

The artillery struggle continued very lively in Champagne during the night, notably in the sector of Baille-Mesnil. We took 177 prisoners here on February 13.

There was a violent bombardment during the night on the right of the Meuse and in Woëvre.

Our air squadrons on the night of February 12 dropped 4,500 kilograms of bombs on the railway stations of Thionville, Conflans, Chamblay and Metzablon, causing fires and explosions at the two last-named places.

ENEMY DETACHMENTS REPULSED.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

A French communiqué reports:—

There were fairly violent artillery actions in the same sector, on the right of the Meuse, in Woëvre and Upper Alsace.

The enemy detachments attempting to rush the lines on the Champs Wood front were repulsed.

THE EAST AFRICAN CAMPAIGN.

PURSUIT OF THE ENEMY.

LONDON, Feb. 17.

An official message from East Africa states:—

We occupied Matika in the Luenda valley on February 3. The enemy is now driven out of the area westward of Luenda.

ENEMY DESTROYER ATTACK OFF DOVER.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

The Admiralty reports:—

A flotilla of large enemy destroyers made a swift raid at one o'clock this morning on our patrol forces in the Dover Straits and sank a trawler and seven drifters which were hunting for a submarine.

The destroyers returned northward rapidly before we were able to engage them.

BODIES RECOVERED.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

A correspondent at Dover relates that the first intimation of a naval fight was the firing beginning west of Dover and increasing in intensity as the vessels went at high-speed up the Channel. At high tide at Dover the bodies of the men of the British patrol were recovered.

THE IMPRISONED BRITISH AVIATORS.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Router learns that the Dutch Minister at Berlin handed Germany, on February 12, a month's notice of British reprisals regarding the aviation Captain Scholten and Lieut. West, whom Germany imported for dropping leaflets. So far no reply has been received.

THE DANGERS OF PREMATURE PEACE.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

Lord Denbigh, in a lecture before the London Chamber of Commerce on German war aims and the dangers of a premature peace, said: "The Germans are manoeuvring for a strategic position to enable them to squeeze the British position whose post-war commercial position would depend on their military situation at peace. We are not asking Australians, Canadians and other Dominion troops to fight for British trade, but for the welfare of the whole Empire. The Americans are combining with us because we are fighting an unmerciful and barbarous bully."

Lord Denbigh urged bombing the Rhine bridges and communications and German ammunition works, thereby making the life of the enemy impossible. If peace were made now Germany would obtain a position enabling her to break up our empire in the near future.

TICKLING IN THE THROAT.

LONDON, Feb. 17.

The King's Bench has ruled that a German naturalised in Australia who was fined in London for not complying with the Alien Registration Order, was not entitled to claim that he is a subject of the Empire. The Court ruled that he must be regarded here as an enemy.

BRITISH LINE EXTENDED IN PALESTINE.

LONDON, Feb. 15.

An official message from Palestine states:—

Our line has been advanced to a depth of two miles on a front of six miles astride the village of Mukhmas, north-northeast of Jerusalem, with little opposition.

FINANCING AMERICA'S WAR PREPARATIONS.

WASHINGTON, Feb. 16.

The House of Representatives has favourably reported on the billion dollar urgent Deficiency Appropriation Bill for various military activities. Provision is made therein to expend \$1,000,000 on the very heavy artillery for extra supplementary to over \$1,750,000,000 already spent or authorized.

LARGE SUMS FOR GUNS, GAS AND BOMBS.

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THE ITALIAN RETREAT.

ROME, Feb. 16.

The Commission of Inquiry on the Italian retreat on the Piave has opened, General Canova presiding.

Signor Orlando attended and explained that no limit was placed on the Commission's powers to establish responsibilities.

GERMAN TRADE AFTER THE WAR.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.

A referendum of the National Association of Manufacturers disapproved the suggested post-war trade boycott of Germany.

AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS AGAINST BOYCOTT.

NEW YORK, Feb. 15.

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AN INTERNATIONAL SOCIALISTS' CONFERENCE.

PARIS, Feb. 15.

The French Socialists have received the British and Belgian delegates to arrange an Inter-Allied Conference.

Mr. Henderson and Mr. Ramsey MacDonald expressed the opinion that they could not be satisfied with a halting peace, but it was essential to hold an International Conference for the attainment of complete agreement between all Allied Socialists.

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GERMANS ARREST BELGIAN JUDGES.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

The Germans have arrested and sent to Germany three Presidents of the Brussels Court of Cassation for arresting two leaders of the Flemish activist movement which had proclaimed the autonomy of Flanders. The Germans then released the two activists.

DEMONSTRATORS CHARGED BY SOLDIERS.

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DUTCH PROTEST.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

The Dutch Minister at Brussels has energetically reprobated the German authorities for the arrest of the three Belgian judges.

ANNULMENT OF RUSSIAN FOREIGN LOANS.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

In the Second Chamber the Foreign Minister stated that Holland had proposed joint action by neutrals regarding the annulment of Russian foreign loans. Spain had already indicated its assent to this proposal.

THE BRITISH COALING STATIONS.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

Commenting on Mr. Lloyd George's speech the *Forwards* states that in Count Hertling's remarks about coaling stations on one in Germany was anything but a light ironical interpretation of President Wilson's principles as regards "the freedom of the seas."

A GERMAN JOKE.

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THE UKRAINIAN PEACE.

AUSTRIAN EMPEROR'S MANIFESTO.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

A message from Vienna states that the Austrian Emperor has issued a manifesto on the occasion of the Ukrainian peace. He trusts that the gratifying first peace may soon lead to a general peace for suffering humanity. He reciprocates the neighbourly love of an aspiring young people which had sufficient resolution to express its better self.

AN INSPIRED STATEMENT.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

An inspired statement in the Vienna papers in reviewing the Brest-Litovsk negotiations says: "In view of M. Trotsky's unsatisfactory attitude the Central Powers strove to make a breach in the Eastern front by making peace with Ukraine, which moreover was necessary as the only way of reaching Europe's richest granary. But the peace with Ukraine was only possible by conceding Chelm. The Government declares that the Poles cannot object to this concession, which is based on the principle of 'self-determination.' The statement adds that military assistance to the Ukrainians may be necessary to protect the transport of the surplus grain against Bolshevik attacks and concludes that Austria-Hungary is in nowise bound by the Russian declaration terminating the state of war. Austria-Hungary has no reason to denounce the armistice because, from the standpoint of International Law, a state of war still exists."

GRAIN FOR AUSTRIA.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

A telegram from Vienna to the *Reichspost* announces that Ukraine has agreed to send to Austria all available stocks of grain by July 31.

An Austrian Committee is proceeding to Kiev to arrange for transport.

AUSTRIAN TROOPS ENTER BRODY.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

A telegram from Vienna states that in accordance with the terms of peace with Ukraine, Austro-Hungarian troops have entered Brody. Thus the last big town in East Galicia has been returned to Austria-Hungary.

THE ROMANIAN FRONT.

PARIS, Feb. 15.

The *Matin* states the Germans still have thirty-two divisions of infantry and several divisions of cavalry on the Romanian front.

EXTENSION OF ARMISTICE BEING DISCUSSED.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

A Berlin telegram states that an extension of the armistice with Rumania is now being discussed.

THE CLOSING SCENES AT BREST-LITOVSK.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

The German account of the closing scenes at Brest-Litovsk shows that the delegates failed to agree regarding the new Ukrainian frontier south of Brest-Litovsk. The Russian delegates contended that the proposed new frontier would be strategically disadvantageous to Russia, while the Germans declared it was not a matter of a Russo-German frontier but of a frontier between Russia and new border States.

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MEASURES TO SUPPRESS BOLSHEVIKISM.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

Interviewed by the *Forwards*, M. Radoklavoff, the Bulgarian Premier, expressed a significant sentiment when he said: "The Quadruplice must take measures to prevent the spread of Bolshevism, which was endangering civilization. Referring to Rumania he declared that the Rumanians had not yet realised the seriousness of their position. 'Only after the capitulation of their army can they secure peace.'"

COUNT CZERNIN RETURNS TO VIENNA.

AMSTERDAM, Feb. 15.

Replying to the welcome of the Burgomaster of Vienna on his return from Brest-Litovsk, Count Czernin stated that he received positive assurance that all Austrian war-prisoners in Russia would be released. Civil war in Russia and Ukraine was bound to create many difficulties but he was convinced an honourable general peace would be obtained if they held out a little longer.

SWEDISH INTERVENTION IN ALAND ISLANDS.

LONDON, Feb. 16.

A telegram from Copenhagen states that the Swedish expedition has arrived at the Aland Islands.

A Swedish gunboat demanded that the Russian soldiers leave the Islands whereupon the Russians destroyed the signal station and blew up munition dumps.

RUSSIAN SOLDIERS REQUIRED TO DEPART.

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HARPER'S BALSMIO COUGH LINCTUS.

The mild and soothing influence which this preparation has classes it among the most valuable of its kind. It cures Cough, Asthma, Bronchitis, Shortness of Breathing, or Difficulty of Expectoration; and while it removes the accumulation of phlegm from the lungs and soothes the inflamed membrane of the throat and chest, rendering those delicate parts less susceptible of future irritation and disease.

PRICES: \$1.00 and \$1.50 PER BOTTLE.

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TO THE ARCHITECT AND TO THE ENGINEER.

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SEAL! CLEAN! WATERPROOF! "MALTHOID" TEST! SAFETY! SUREPROOF!

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HONGKONG.

ANNOUNCEMENT

OF TACK LOONG.

THE OLDEST & LARGEST CHINAWARE CONCERN IN CANTON.

OUR Patrons are desired to note that Mr. LI HON CHY, also known as NG SHEUNG, who has heretofore represented this House for the Foreign Department, is no longer in our employ and has no authority to act on our behalf in any capacity whatsoever. Our new partner, Mr. FUNG YU HING, also known as PO HING, will represent this House hereafter.

The general management and staff, except the above change, remain the same as before, and all commands or enquiries will receive the same care and prompt attention as in the past.

Canton, February 1, 1918.

BELGIAN CHILDREN'S FUND IN HOLLAND.

THIS SOCIETY, under the Presidency of H. S. F. Princess A. de Ligne, brings SICK and DEBILITATED CHILDREN from BELGIUM into Holland, clothes and feeds them, gives them Medical care, and when restored to health has to return them to Belgium, for funds do not permit more.

700 SIMILAR CASES ARE DEALT WITH MONTHLY.

WILL YOU NOT HELP this good work? Remittances should be sent to the Hon. Treasurer, "Working Men's Belgian Fund" 32, Grosvenor Place, London, S.W. 1.

Registered War Charities Act, 1916.

